

# Sequences Homework Part 2.

## Solutions.

$$1. a_n = \frac{\sin^2 n}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$0 \leq \frac{\sin^2 n}{n^2 + 1} \leq \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 0 = 0 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 1} = 0.$$

Thus, by the Squeeze Theorem,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin^2 n}{n^2 + 1} = 0.$$

Thus the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  defined by  $a_n = \frac{\sin^2 n}{n^2 + 1}$  converges to 0.

$$2. \quad a_n = \frac{n \cos n}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$-\frac{n}{n^2 + 1} \leq \frac{n \cos n}{n^2 + 1} \leq \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{n}{n^2 + 1} = 0. \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n^2 + 1} = 0.$$

Thus, by the Squeeze Theorem,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n \cos n}{n^2 + 1} = 0.$$

Thus the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  defined by

$$a_n = \frac{n \cos n}{n^2 + 1} \text{ converges to } 0.$$

$$3. a_n = \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^{4n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^{4n} = L$$

$$\ln L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^{4n}$$

$$\ln L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 4n \cdot \ln \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) = 4 \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\ln L \stackrel{(L)}{=} 4 \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{3}{n}} \cdot -3n^{-2}}{-n^{-2}}$$

$$\ln L = 4 \cdot 3 = 12 \Rightarrow L = e^{12}$$

The sequence converges to  $e^{12}$ .