# Math 224 <br> Daily Objectives <br> Class Session 1 <br> Tuesday, August 28, 2007 

## A. 1.1: Vectors in Euclidean Spaces

- What is a vector?
- What is the $i$-th component of a vector?
- When do we say that two vectors are equal?
- What is the zero vector?
- Vector Algebra in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$ (Def. 1.1)
- Geometric visualization of addition and subtraction of vectors
- Geometric visualization of multiplication of a vector by a scalar
- Properties of Vector Algebra in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$ (Thm. 1.1)
- Parallel vectors (Def. 1.2)
- Linear Combination (Def. 1.3)
- Standard basis vectors in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$
- Span of vectors (Def. 1.4)
- Column vectors; row vectors; transpose of a vector


## B. 1.2: The Norm and the Dot Product

- Norm or magnitude of a vector in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$ (Def. 1.5)
- Properties of the Norm in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$ (Thm. 1.2)
- Unit vector
- Dot product (Def. 1.6)
- Angle between two nonzero vectors (and how to derive the formula using vector geometry and the law of cosines)
- Properties of the Dot Product in $\mathbf{R}^{n}$ (Thm. 1.3)
- Express the norm of a vector in terms of the dot product
- Perpendicular or orthogonal vectors
- The Schwarz Inequality (Thm. 1.4). Know how to prove the Schwarz Inequality.
- Know how to prove the Triangle Inequality using the Schwarz Inequality.

